**Net 3068 CCNA Security Name: Andrew Koenig Lab: # 10.3.11**

**Follow the instructions down below for the lab itself. Anything you type on this document needs to be in blue font. Ensure you put your name and lab number at the top of the document (in blue). For the questions right below, answer in complete sentences. If this is a self-grading packet tracer. Ensure you paste the screen shot of your score page at the bottom of this document. Ensure you upload the packet tracer file along with this document. Let the instructor know if you have any questions.**

***Lab Analysis Report***

1. Using complete sentences summarize work you completed during the lab.

I configured ZPF zones in a network

2. Using complete sentences describe what you learned from the lab. Hint; look at the lab objectives listed at the top of the lab section.

I learned how to create zones for ZPF and assign them in a network

***Problems Encountered***

1. Using complete sentences describe any problem(s) experienced during lab.

No problems

2. Using complete sentences describe how you solved your problem(s).

No problems

3. Using complete sentences explain if you needed any assistance with the lab; then list what you learned from that assistance. No problems

Packet Tracer - Configure a ZPF

# Addressing Table

| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask | Default Gateway | Switch Port |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| R1 | G0/1 | 192.168.1.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A | S1 F0/5 |
| R1 | S0/0/0 (DCE) | 10.1.1.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A | N/A |
| R2 | S0/0/0 | 10.1.1.2 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A | N/A |
| R2 | S0/0/1 (DCE) | 10.2.2.2 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A | N/A |
| R3 | G0/1 | 192.168.3.1 | 255.255.255.0 | N/A | S3 F0/5 |
| R3 | S0/0/1 | 10.2.2.1 | 255.255.255.252 | N/A | N/A |
| PC-A | NIC | 192.168.1.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.1.1 | S1 F0/6 |
| PC-C | NIC | 192.168.3.3 | 255.255.255.0 | 192.168.3.1 | S3 F0/18 |

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# Objectives

* Verify connectivity among devices before firewall configuration.
* Configure a zone-based policy (ZPF) firewall on R3.
* Verify ZPF firewall functionality using ping, SSH, and a web browser.

# Background/Scenario

Zone-Based Policy Firewalls (ZPFs) are the latest development in the evolution of Cisco firewall technologies. In this activity, you will configure a basic ZPF on an edge router R3 that allows internal hosts access to external resources and blocks external hosts from accessing internal resources. You will then verify firewall functionality from internal and external hosts.

The routers have been pre-configured with the following:

* Console password: ciscoconpa55
* Password for vty lines: ciscovtypa55
* Enable password: ciscoenpa55
* Host names and IP addressing
* Local username and password: Admin / Adminpa55
* Static routing

# Instructions

## Verify Basic Network Connectivity

Verify network connectivity prior to configuring the zone-based policy firewall.

### From the PC-A command prompt, ping PC-C at 192.168.3.3.

### Access R2 using SSH.

* + - 1. From the PC-C command prompt, SSH to the S0/0/1 interface on R2 at **10.2.2.2**. Use the username Admin and password Adminpa55 to log in.

C:\> **ssh -l Admin 10.2.2.2**

* + - 1. Exit the SSH session.

### From PC-C, open a web browser to the PC-A server.

* + - 1. Click the Desktop tab and then click the Web Browser application. Enter the PC-A IP address **192.168.1.3** as the URL. The Packet Tracer welcome page from the web server should be displayed.
      2. Close the browser on PC-C.

## Create the Firewall Zones on R3

**Note**: For all configuration tasks, be sure to use the exact names as specified.

### Create an internal zone.

Use the zone security command to create a zone named IN-ZONE.

R3(config)# **zone security IN-ZONE**

R3(config-sec-zone) **exit**

### Create an external zone.

Use the zone security command to create a zone named OUT-ZONE.

R3(config-sec-zone)# **zone security OUT-ZONE**

R3(config-sec-zone)# **exit**

## Identify Traffic Using a Class-Map

### Create an ACL that defines internal traffic.

Use the access-list command to create extended ACL **101** to permit all IP protocols from the **192.168.3.0/24** source network to any destination.

R3(config)# **access-list 101 permit ip 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 any**

### Create a class map referencing the internal traffic ACL.

Use the class-map type inspect command with the **match-all** option to create a class map named IN-NET-CLASS-MAP. Use the match access-group command to match ACL **101**.

R3(config)# **class-map type inspect match-all IN-NET-CLASS-MAP**

R3(config-cmap)# **match access-group 101**

R3(config-cmap)# **exit**

## Specify Firewall Policies

### Create a policy map to determine what to do with matched traffic.

Use the policy-map type inspect command and create a policy map named IN-2-OUT-PMAP.

R3(config)# **policy-map type inspect IN-2-OUT-PMAP**

### Specify a class type of inspect and reference class map IN-NET-CLASS-MAP.

R3(config-pmap)# **class type inspect IN-NET-CLASS-MAP**

### Specify the action of inspect for this policy map.

The use of the inspect command invokes context-based access control (other options include pass and drop).

R3(config-pmap-c)# **inspect**

%No specific protocol configured in class IN-NET-CLASS-MAP for inspection. All protocols will be inspected.

Issue the exit command twice to leave config-pmap-c mode and return to config mode.

R3(config-pmap-c)# **exit**

R3(config-pmap)# **exit**

## Apply Firewall Policies

### Create a pair of zones.

Using the zone-pair security command, create a zone pair named IN-2-OUT-ZPAIR. Specify the source and destination zones that were created previously.

R3(config)# **zone-pair security IN-2-OUT-ZPAIR source IN-ZONE destination OUT-ZONE**

### Specify the policy map for handling the traffic between the two zones.

Attach a policy-map and its associated actions to the zone pair using the service-policy type inspect command and reference the policy map previously created, IN-2-OUT-PMAP.

R3(config-sec-zone-pair)# **service-policy type inspect IN-2-OUT-PMAP**

R3(config-sec-zone-pair)# **exit**

R3(config)#

### Assign interfaces to the appropriate security zones.

Use the zone-member security command in interface configuration mode to assign G0/1 to IN-ZONE and S0/0/1 to OUT-ZONE.

R3(config)# **interface g0/1**

R3(config-if)# **zone-member security IN-ZONE**

R3(config-if)# **exit**

R3(config)# **interface s0/0/1**

R3(config-if)# **zone-member security OUT-ZONE**

R3(config-if)# **exit**

### Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.

## Test Firewall Functionality from IN-ZONE to OUT-ZONE

Verify that internal hosts can still access external resources after configuring the ZPF.

### From internal PC-C, ping the external PC-A server.

From the PC-C command prompt, ping PC-A at 192.168.1.3. The ping should succeed.

### From internal PC-C, SSH to the R2 S0/0/1 interface.

* + - 1. From the PC-C command prompt, SSH to R2 at 10.2.2.2. Use the username Admin and the password Adminpa55 to access R2. The SSH session should succeed.
      2. While the SSH session is active, issue the command show policy-map type inspect zone-pair sessions on R3 to view established sessions.

#### Questions:

What is the source IP address and port number?

Type 192.168.3.3:1028 answers here.

What is the destination IP address and port number?

Type 10.2.2.2:22 answers here.

### From PC-C, exit the SSH session on R2 and close the command prompt window.

### From internal PC-C, open a web browser to the PC-A server web page.

In a web browser on PC-C, navigate to **192.168.1.3**. The HTTP session should succeed. While the HTTP session is active, issue the command show policy-map type inspect zone-pair sessions on R3 to view established sessions.

**Note**: If the HTTP session times out before you execute the command on R3, you will have to click the Go button on PC-C to generate a session between PC-C and PC-A.

#### Questions:

What is the source IP address and port number?

Type 192.168.3.3.1030 answers here.

What is the destination IP address and port number?

Type 192.168.1.3:80 answers here.

### Close the browser on PC-C.

## Test Firewall Functionality from OUT-ZONE to IN-ZONE

Verify that external hosts CANNOT access internal resources after configuring the ZPF.

### From the PC-A server command prompt, ping PC-C.

From the PC-A command prompt, ping PC-C at 192.168.3.3. The ping should fail.

### From R2, ping PC-C.

From R2, ping PC-C at 192.168.3.3. The ping should fail.

### Check results.

Your completion percentage should be 100%. Click Check Results to see feedback and verification of which required components have been completed.

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